Article - Criminal Law

[Previous][Next]

§7–304.

- (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
- (2) "Customer" means a person who subscribes to, or is financially responsible for a subscription to, telephone service from a telephone company.
- (3) "Telephone" means a device used by a person for voice communications transmitted in analog, data, or any other form.
- (4) "Telephone company" means a person that provides commercial telephone service to a customer, regardless of the communication technology used, including:
 - (i) traditional wireline or cable telephone service;
- (ii) cellular, broadband PCS, or other commercial mobile radiotelephone service;
- (iii) microwave, satellite, or other terrestrial telephone service; and
 - (iv) voice over Internet telephone service.
- (5) (i) "Telephone record" means information retained by a telephone company that relates to:
- 1. the telephone number dialed by a customer or other person using the customer's telephone;
- 2. the incoming number of a call directed to a customer or other person using the customer's telephone; or
- 3. other data related to calls typically contained on a customer's telephone bill, such as the time the call started and ended, the duration of the call, and any charges applied.
- (ii) "Telephone record" does not include information collected or retained by customers using caller I.D. or similar technology.

- (b) This section does not apply to:
- (1) a person acting under a valid court order, warrant, or subpoena; or
- (2) a law enforcement officer acting in the performance of official duty.

(c) A person may not:

- (1) knowingly obtain, attempt to obtain, or solicit or conspire with another to obtain, a telephone record:
- (i) without the authorization of the customer to whom the record pertains; or
 - (ii) by fraudulent, deceptive, or false means;
- (2) knowingly sell or attempt to sell a telephone record without the authorization of the customer to whom the record pertains; or
 - (3) receive a telephone record:
- (i) knowing that the record has been obtained without the authorization of the customer to whom the record pertains; or
 - (ii) by fraudulent, deceptive, or false means.
- (d) (1) A violation of this section is an unfair or deceptive trade practice under Title 13 of the Commercial Law Article.
- (2) A person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 2 years or a fine not exceeding \$2,000 or both.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other law, the prosecution for a violation of this section may be commenced in any county in which:
 - (1) an element of the crime occurred; or
 - (2) the victim resides.
- (f) This section may not be construed to prohibit a telephone company from obtaining, using, disclosing, or allowing access to a customer's telephone record:

- (1) as otherwise authorized by law;
- (2) with the consent of the customer;
- (3) in connection with service provided to the customer;
- (4) for purposes of billing or collection from the customer;
- (5) as necessary to prevent fraud or abusive practices;
- (6) to a governmental entity, if the telephone company reasonably believes that an emergency involving immediate danger of death or serious physical injury to any person justifies disclosure of the telephone record; or
- (7) to the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children, in connection with a report submitted under § 227 of the federal Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990.

[Previous][Next]